

Personal protection



Ensure you wear suitable protective clothing, including gloves and glasses. Read labels carefully and follow all application and health & safety advice. Open cans with care. Don't eat or drink in the vicinity of stored or applied paint.

What are the hazards

The equipment to use



Eyes

Chemical splash, dust, paint particles and droplets, projectiles, vapour.

Safety spectacles, goggles, face shields, visors.



Breathing

Breathing dust, vapour, fumes, aerosols, oxygen-deficient atmospheres, paint particles.

Short term filtering mask against dust while sanding. **Half facemask** for sanding and painting, can be disposable or with replaceable filter cartridges. **Full air feed facemask** for spray painting.



Hands

Abrasion, cuts and punctures, impact, chemicals, solvents, liquid paints, skin infection.

Leather gloves, latex gloves, armllets.



Hands

Dust, dirt, oil and grease, paint particles.

Barrier cream: short term protection.

Cleaning cream: designed to remove contaminants and cause least skin damage.

Maintenance cream: to help restore the skin's natural protective layers.

**What are the hazards****The equipment to use***Hearing*

Damage to inner ear from loud or constant noise levels.

Ear defenders, ear muffs, ear plugs.

*Body*

Chemical or paint splash, spray from spray guns, impact or penetration, dust, excessive wear or entanglement of own clothing.

Overalls, coveralls.

*Feet*

Wet, slipping, cuts and punctures, falling objects, chemical and paint splash, abrasion.

Steel toe protection and anti-slip soles. May be a pre-requisite on some sites.

*Head*

Impact from falling objects, head bumping, hair entanglement.

A range of helmets and bump caps.